ACES: AI/ML on Intel PVC GPUs

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High Performance
Research Computing





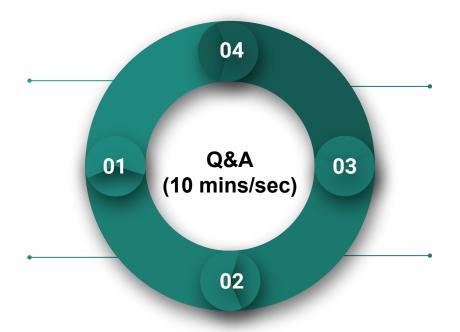
Outline

Section I. Intro to PVCs

We will introduce Intel's PVC, its architecture, and the PVC GPUs on the TAMU ACES platform.

Section II. Demo on ACES

We will demonstrate how to run models of different frameworks with PVC GPUs on the ACES system.



Section IV. TensorFlow on PVC

Students will learn how to convert a TensorFlow image classification model to run on a PVC GPU.

Section III PyTorch on PVC

Students will learn how to convert a PyTorch image classification model to run on a PVC GPU.



Lab I. Introducing Intel PVC GPUs on ACES









NSF ACES

Accelerating Computing for Emerging Sciences

Our Mission:

- Offer an accelerator testbed for numerical simulations and AI/ML workloads
- Provide consulting, technical guidance, and training to researchers
- Collaborate on computational and data-enabled research.





ACES Accelerators

Component	Quantity	Description
Graphcore IPU	32	16 Colossus GC200 IPUs; 16 Bow IPUs. Each IPU group hosted with a CPU server as a POD16 on a 100 GbE RoCE fabric
Intel PAC D5005 FPGA	2	Accelerator with Intel Stratix 10 GX FPGA and 32 GB DDR4
BittWare IA-840F FPGA	2	Accelerator with Agilex AGF027 FPGA and 64 GB of DDR4
NextSilicon Coprocessor	2	Reconfigurable accelerator with an optimizer continuously evaluating application behavior.
NEC Vector Engine	8	Vector computing card (8 cores and HBM2 memory)
Intel Optane SSD	48	18 TB of Intel Optane SSDs addressable as memory w/ MemVerge Memory Machine.
NVIDIA H100 + A30	30 + 4	NVIDIA GPUs for HPC, DL Training, AI Inference
Intel GPU Max 1100 (PVC)	120	Intel GPUs for HPC, DL Training, AI Inference



Intel Max GPU 1100

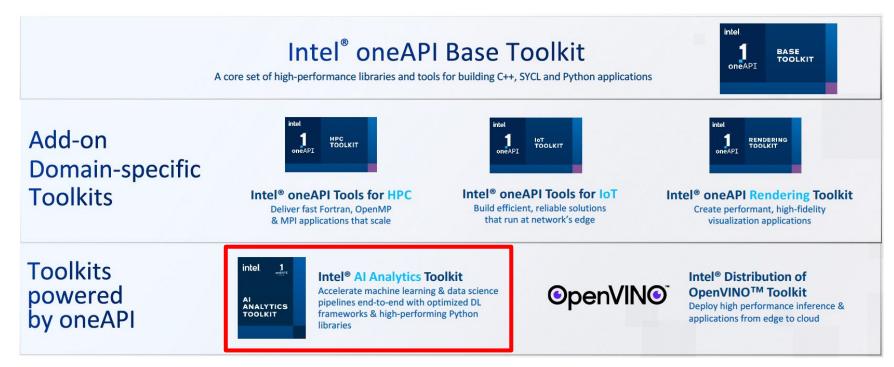
- 1 tile/stack per card
- 56 X^e cores, 448 execution units (8 per core)
- 300W PCIe Gen5 x16 card
- 48GB HBM2e memory
- 1.2 TB/s memory bandwidth
- 22 TF FP64 peak performance



Intel Data Center GPU Max Series PCIE Card



Intel® oneAPI Toolkits



(Source: Intel)



Shared Data Directories on ACES

- Datasets: ImageNet datasets for PyTorch and TensorFlow /scratch/data/pytorch-computer-vision-datasets /scratch/data/tensorflow-computer-vision-datasets
- Models: Intel AI models
 /scratch/data/intel-ai-models
- Containers /scratch/data/containers/intel-deep-learning-2023.2-py3.10-perms.sif

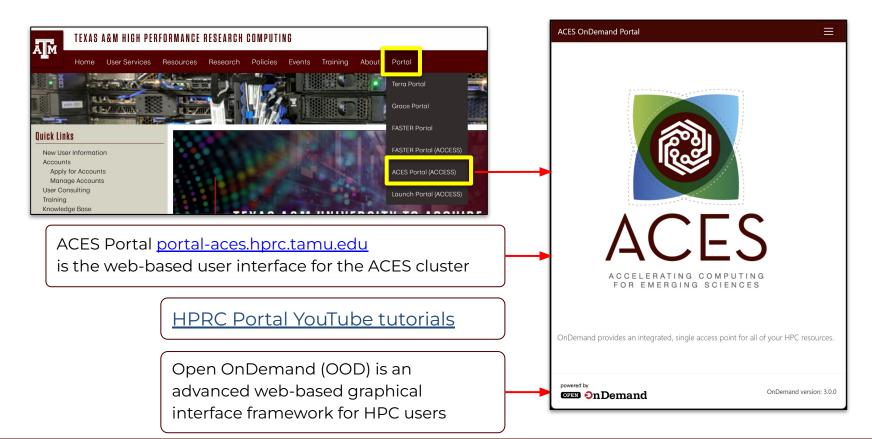


Resources

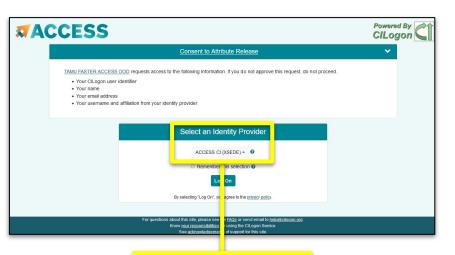
- Texas A&M High Performance Research Computing (HPRC)
- ACES Quick Start Guide
- ACES Portal (ACCESS)
- ACCESS Documentation
- HPRC YouTube Channel
- help@hprc.tamu.edu



ACES Portal



Accessing via ACCESS



Log-in using your ACCESS CI credentials.



Select an Identity Provider

ACCESS CI (XSEDE) -

O

Select the Identity Provider appropriate for your account.



Shell Access via the Portal





PVC Slurm Nodes Status Check

View the pvc nodes and number of GPUs
 \$ pestat -p pvc -G

View more details of the pvc node features

```
$sinfo -N -p pvc -o "%8n %10f %G"
```

Copy the Materials to Personal Directory

Navigate to your personal scratch directory
 \$ cd \$SCRATCH

• Files for this course are located at

```
/scratch/training/aces_pvc_course_24s
Make a copy in your personal scratch directory
$ cp -r /scratch/training/aces_pvc_course_24s $SCRATCH
```

Enter this directory (your local copy)

```
$cd $SCRATCH/aces_pvc_course_24s
```

Lab II. Using PVCs on **ACES**







Environment Setup for PyTorch Models

Use Intel Al Analytics Toolkit

```
# load all the necessary modules
module purge
module load intel/AIKit/2023.2.0
module load intel/2023.07
ENV NAME=aikit-pt-gpu-clone
 If it doesn't exist, create the environment
if ! conda env list | grep -q "$ENV_NAME"; then
    conda create -n $ENV NAME --clone aikit-pt-gpu
# activate the conda environment
source activate $ENV NAME
```



in pt demo.slurm

Environment Setup for PyTorch Models

Use Python Virtual Environment (Alternative for reference)

```
Change to pytorch directory
cd $SCRATCH/aces pvc course 24s/pytorch
 Load modules
module load WebProxy
module load intel/2023.03
module load Python/3.10.8
 Create and activate a Python virtual environment
python -m venv pt-pvc-labs
source pt-pvc-labs/bin/activate
```



Environment Setup for PyTorch Models

Use Python Virtual Environment (Alternative for reference)

```
# Install torch, torchvision and one cl bindings for pytorch
python -m pip install torch==1.13.0a0+git6c9b55e
torchvision==0.14.1a0 intel extension for pytorch==1.13.120+xpu -f
https://developer.intel.com/ipex@hl-stable-xpu
python -m pip install oneccl bind pt==1.13.200+qpu -f
https://developer.intel.com/ipex-whl-stable-xpu
 Install tensorboard
python -m pip install tensorboard
```



Run PyTorch ResNet50 model

- We have prepared a Slurm job file (pt_demo.slurm) to run the PyTorch ResNet50 model. Submit the job using the command
- \$ cd pytorch/
- \$ sbatch pt_demo.slurm



Environment Setup for TensorFlow Models

Using the Intel Al Analytics Toolkit

```
# load all the necessary modules
module purge
module load WebProxy
module load intel/2023.07
module load intel/AIKit/2023.1.0
ENV_NAME=aikit-tf-gpu-clone
# If it doesn't exist, create the environment
if ! conda env list | grep -q "$ENV_NAME"; then
    conda create -n $ENV NAME --clone aikit-tf-qpu
# activate the conda environment
source activate $ENV NAME
```

in tf demo.slurm

Run Tensorflow ResNet50 Model

 We have prepared a Slurm job file (tf_demo.slurm) to run the Tensorflow ResNet50 model. Submit the job using the command

```
$ cd ..
```

```
$ cd tensorflow/
```

\$ sbatch tf_demo.slurm

Lab III. PyTorch on PVC





1. Import Intel Extension for PyTorch

Intel Extension for PyTorch is a Python package for extending PyTorch models to run on an Intel platform.

Add the following import statement to the beginning of your script:

import intel_extension_for_pytorch as ipex

2. Move the Model and Criterion to "xpu"

```
model = model.to("xpu")
```

criterion = criterion.to("xpu")



3. Apply the "ipex optimize" Function

Apply the ipex optimize function against the model and optimizer objects.

model, optimizer = ipex.optimize(model, optimizer=optimizer, dtype=torch.bfloat16)



4. Move the Data and Target to "xpu"

In the training loop,

```
data = data.to("xpu")
```

target = target.to("xpu")



5. Use Auto Mixed Precision (AMP)

Use automatic mixed-precision (AMP) with BFloat16 data type with the *torch.xpu.amp.autocast* context manager

with torch.xpu.amp.autocast(enabled=True, dtype=torch.bfloat16):



Hands-on Session

- Navigate to the PyTorch exercises directory
 \$cd \$SCRATCH/aces pvc course 24s/pytorch/exercises
- Open the exercise file (cifar10_pvc_todo.py) with your preferred editor (e.g. vim) or the file editor of the OnDemand portal.
- Complete the #Todos in the cifar10_pvc_todo.py file.
- Modify the Slurm job file (pt_cifar10_pvc.slurm) and submit your job.
 \$ sbatch pt_cifar10_pvc.slurm



Lab IV. TensorFlow on PVC





Install Intel Extension for Tensorflow

The Intel Extension for Tensorflow is based the on Tensorflow PluggableDevice interface to bring Intel XPU (GPU, CPU, etc) devices into Tensorflow.

To check the version, add import statement to the beginning of your script:

import intel_extension_for_tensorflow as itex
print(itex.__version__)

The default device will be Intel GPU after installing intel-extension-for-tensorflow

Source: Intel presentation at ACES Workshop

No Code Changes are Needed!



Credit: Bing Chat Enterprise

Hands-on Session

- Navigate to the TensorFlow exercises directory
 - \$cd \$SCRATCH/aces_pvc_course_24s/tensorflow/exercises
- Open the exercise file (cifar10_pvc.py) with your preferred editor (e.g. vim) or the file editor of the OnDemand portal.
- Read through the code to verify that there are no code changes
- Modify the Slurm job file (tf_cifar10_pvc.slurm) and submit your job.
 - \$ sbatch tf_cifar10_pvc.slurm

```
###### TODO #########
#uncomment below lines to run the cifar-10 exercise
# cd $SCRATCH/aces_pvc_labs_24s/tensorflow/exercises
# python cifar10_pvc.py
###### END TODO #####
```

PVC Monitoring Tools

View the pvc nodes and number of GPUs

```
$pestat -p pvc -G
```

Monitor the system activity

```
$watch -n 5 sysmon
```

Intel XPU manager

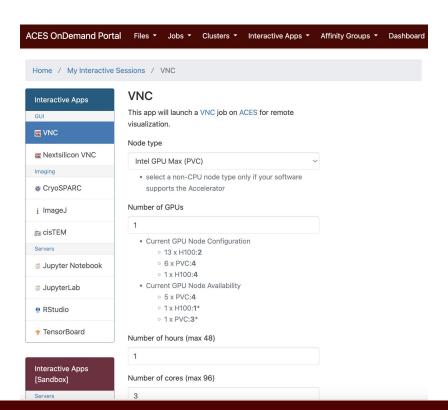
```
$ watch -n 5 xpumcli stats -d <device index>
```

Start a VNC job





VNC Form



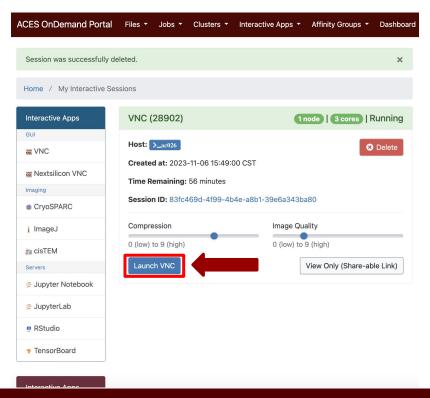
Fields:

Node Type: Intel GPU Max (PVC)

Number of GPUs: 1 Number of hours: 1 Number of cores: 3 Total memory (GB): 5



Launch VNC





```
My Interactive Sessions - ACE X
                                                TurboVNC: ac026:2 (u.zh1086 X
               自 portal-aces.hprc.tamu.edu/pun/sys/dashboard/noVNC-1.3.0/... 自 Q ① ☆ 🖈 📘
                          @ac026:/scratch/user/
                                                               laces pvc course/pytorch/exercises
                      ses]$ pwd
                      /aces pvc course/pytorch/exercises
                      ses]$ ml purge
                      ses1$ ml intel/AIKit/2023.2.0
                      ses1$ ml intel/2023.07
                      ses1$ source activate aikit-pt-gpu-clone
(aikit-pt-gpu-clone)
                              @ac026 exercises]$ python cifar10 pvc solution.py > out.txt 2>&1 &
[1] 275895
(aikit-pt-gpu-clone)
                              @ac026 exercises]$ watch sysmon
                                                                             @ac026:/scratch/user/
                                                                                                                  /aces
Every 2.0s: sysmon
GPU 0: Intel(R) Data Center GPU Max 1100
                                         PCI Bus: 0000:21:00.0
Vendor: Intel(R) Corporation Driver Version: 1.3.26516
                                                         Subdevices: 0
EU Count: 448 Threads Per EU: 8
                                    EU SIMD Width: 16
                                                        Total Memory(MB): 46679.2
Core Frequency(MHz): 200.0 of 1550.0 Core Temperature(C): unknown
Running Processes: 3
     PID, Device Memory Used(MB), Shared Memory Used(MB), GPU Engines, Executable
    4793.
                            5.1.
                                                    0.0.
                                                              COMPUTE, /usr/bin/xpumd
                                                    0.0, COMPUTE; DMA, python
  279895,
                          6888.2,
                                                             UNKNOWN, Sysmon
  280095,
                            1.8,
                                                    0.0,
```

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- Dunni Aribuki from Intel,
- Staff and students at Texas A&M High Performance Research Computing.





https://hprc.tamu.edu

HPRC Helpdesk:

help@hprc.tamu.edu

Phone: 979-845-0219

Help us help you. Please include details in your request for support, such as, Cluster (ACES, Faster, Grace, Terra, ViDaL), UserID, Job information (Job id(s), Location of your jobfile, input/output files, Application, Module(s) loaded, Error messages, etc), and Steps you have taken, so we can reproduce the problem.

